LE.S/ISS EXAM-2022

GVP-U-ECO

GENERAL ECONOMICS

Paper - I

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 200

Question Paper Specific Instructions

Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions:

There are THIRTEEN questions divided under THREE sections.

The ONLY question in Section A is compulsory.

In Section B, FIVE out of SEVEN questions are to be attempted.

In Section C, THREE out of FIVE questions are to be attempted.

Candidates should attempt questions/parts as per the instructions given in the sections.

The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Candidates are required to write clear, legible and concise answers.

Attempts of questions shall be counted in sequential order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly.

Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet must be clearly struck off.

Answers must be written in ENGLISH only.

SECTION A

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(Compulsory Section)

Q1.	Ansv	ver all the following seven parts. $5\times7=$	35
	(a)	Show that the ordinary demand curve will have a greater demand elasticity than the compensated demand curve.	5
	(b)	Discuss the Lerner Index of monopoly power.	5
	(c)	Illustrate graphically the effects of advertising on price and output in monopolistic competition.	5
	(d)	Distinguish between Partial Equilibrium and General Equilibrium Approaches.	5
	(e)	"The social optimal output occurs where Marginal Social Benefits (MSBs) equal Marginal Social Costs (MSCs)." Examine the statement.	5
	(f)	Solve the following 2×2 game :	5
		Player A	
		$B_1 \qquad B_2$	
		Player B A_1 A_2 A_3 A_4 A_5 A_6 A_7 A_8 A_8 A_9 A	
	(g)	Show that $T_{SS} = E_{SS} + R_{SS}$.	5

SECTION B

Answer any five out of the following seven questions:

18×5=90

Q2. Consider the 2-variable linear regression model:

$$Y_i = \alpha + \beta X_i + U_i, i = 1, 2, ..., n,$$

where notations have their usual meanings.

- (a) Estimate the parameters α and β by the OLS method. Also estimate the standard errors of these estimates.
- (b) Describe the testing procedure of β and estimate the 95% confidence interval of β .
- Q3. (a) Define Indirect Utility Function. Derive the Indirect Utility Function from the Direct Utility Function.
 - (b) Consider the Indirect Utility Function:

$$V = \frac{M^2}{4P_1P_2},$$

where notations have their usual meanings.

Derive the demand functions for x_1 and x_2 .

(c) Consider the utility function and budget equation of a consumer respectively:

$$U=x_1\,x_2,$$

$$M = p_1 x_1 + p_2 x_2,$$

where notations have their usual meanings.

Derive the expenditure function of the consumer.

Q4. (a) Show that a monopolist produces output in the elastic range of demand. 8

(b) The demand and the total cost function of a firm respectively are given by:

$$p = 132 - 8x,$$

$$c = x^3 - 14x^2 + 69x + 128,$$

where notations have their usual meanings.

- (i) Show that a monopolist produces output in the elastic range of demand.
- (ii) Calculate the efficiency loss of monopoly.

4+6=10

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Consider the 3-variable linear regression model in deviation form: (a) Q5. $y_i = \beta_2 x_{2i} + \beta_3 x_{3i} + u_i, i = 1, 2,, n$ u_i: spherical disturbance term 6 Would you estimate the parameters β_2 and β_3 ? Consider the following data: (b) $\Sigma X = 20, \Sigma Y = 40, \Sigma (X - \overline{X})^2 = 40, \Sigma (Y - \overline{Y})^2 = 124$ $\Sigma (X - \overline{X}) (Y - \overline{Y}) = 70, n = 5$ Estimate the parameters α and β of the model : $Y_i = \alpha + \beta X_i + U_i$ Estimate the standard errors of these estimates. (iii) How would test β? 4+4+4=12 $(t_{0.025, 3} = 3.182)$ Consider an economy consisting of two consumers, one producer, one ordinary Q6. good, one public good and one primary factor. Show that Pareto optimality 18 conditions are not valid for the public good. 6 Explain the concept of stability and its different types. Q7. (a) Explain the stability conditions in a single market both in the Walrasian (b) 12 process and Marshallian process. Consider the production function: **Q8.** (a) $X = A L^{\alpha} K^{\beta}$, $A, \alpha, \beta > 0$, where notations have their usual meanings. A, α , β are parameters. How would you restrict the values of α and β so that there occurs 8 constant returns to scale and decreasing returns to scale? Consider the production function and cost function of a competitive firm (b) respectively: $X = A L^{\alpha} K^{\beta}$, A, α , $\beta > 0$ and C = wL + rK, where notations have their usual meanings. 10 Derive the supply function of the competitive firm.

SECTION C

Answer any three out of the following five questions:

 $25 \times 3 = 75$

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Q9. (a) Consider the first-order autoregressive scheme in the general regression model.

How would you estimate the variance, covariance and autocorrelation coefficient of the disturbance term of the model?

- Describe the Durbin-Watson (DW) test of autocorrelation.
- (c) Given a sample of 50 observations and 4 explanatory variables, what can you say about autocorrelation if the computed Durbin-Watson (DW) values are :

(i) 1.05, (ii) 2.50 and (iii) 3.97? $[DW_L=1.378,DW_U=1.721\ at\ 5\%\ level\ of\ significance,\ n=50,\ k=4]$

Q10. (a) Graphically explain the Lorenz curve as a measure of income inequality. 5

(b) How would you derive the Gini coefficient from the Lorenz curve?

(c) How would you derive the Gini coefficient from the Pareto law of income distribution?

Q11. (a) "It is not possible to construct social preferences from individual preferences without violating one or more of the five axioms." Examine the statement given by Arrow.

(b) Consider the economy with two goods and fixed factor supplies. Assume that the social welfare function defined in commodity space :

$$\mathbf{w} = (\mathbf{x}_1 + 2) \; \mathbf{x}_2$$

and that society's implicit production function

$$x_1 + 2x_2 - 1 = 0.$$

Find the values of x_1 and x_2 that maximize social welfare.

(c) Explain 'Compensation Principle' and 'Test Criteria' formulated by Hicks-Scitovsky.

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(b)

What is the Leontief inverse matrix? What are the mathematical Q12. (a) properties of it?

- (b) interpretation of it.
- Consider the Leontief input coefficient matrix: (c)

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.2 & 0.2 \\ 0.2 & 0.4 & 0.1 \\ 0.3 & 0.1 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Test the viability condition of the system. (i)
- Test the properties of Leontief inverse. (ii)
- Show that MC cuts ATC at its lowest point. Q13. (a)
 - The short-run cost function of a competitive firm is given by (b)

$$c = 0 \cdot 1x^3 - 2x^2 + 15x + 10,$$

where notations have their usual meanings.

Derive the short-run supply function of the firm.

Show that the elasticity of demand is the same at all points on the (c) demand curve:

$$x = ap^{-\alpha}$$

a, α: parameters

x: quantity demand

p: price

Consider the demand function of two goods, x₁ and x₂ respectively: (d)

$$x_1 = p_1^{-0.7} p_2^{0.2}$$

and
$$x_2 = p_1^{0.6} p_2^{-0.4}$$
,

where p₁ and p₂ are prices of x₁ and x₂ respectively.

Determine whether the commodities are complementary or competitive.

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